The following competencies have been identified as those that best separate superior from satisfactory job performance in the class of POWER ENGINEERING MANAGER. (Numbers refer to the order of competencies in the Competency Bank.)

3. Judgment and Decision Making
8. Safety Focus
20. Job Knowledge
28. Supervision
33. Interpersonal Skills
52. Workforce Management
56. Awareness of the City Environment
59. Strategic Planning

On the following pages are descriptions of each competency, including a definition, the level of the competency required for the class (bold, italicized, and underlined), examples of behavioral indicators, and satisfactory and superior performance levels.
3. JUDGMENT AND DECISION MAKING – Accurately assesses situations, seeks new information if necessary, and applies all available information to reach sound conclusions/formulate effective response.

Level of Competency Required by Job:

Level 1: Training and guidelines needed to respond to immediate situations within very specific function are provided (or supervisor available to assist).

Level 2: General information and guidance to assist in responding to a variety of situations across a range of circumstances are provided.

Level 3: Little guidance available for responding to a wide range of complex situations with far-reaching and/or enduring consequences.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Effectively responds to atypical situations.
- Asks questions or otherwise obtains additional relevant information to make a decision.
- Formulates a decision and necessary actions based on available facts.
- Correctly infers appropriate response based on information provided and existing policies, personal experience, and/or consultation with others.
- Discusses conclusions/possible responses with others before taking action as necessary.
- Considers impact of decisions on all affected parties.

Performance Levels:

Satisfactory

Correctly assesses routine and unusual situations and reaches appropriate conclusions for actions needed. Obtains additional information and/or consults with others as necessary.

Superior

Evaluates new situations accurately to establish an appropriate response or plan of action. Recognizes the impact on all affected parties, as well as the possible ramifications and/or repercussions of setting a precedent.
8. SAFETY FOCUS – Performs work in a way that minimizes risk of injury to self or others.

Level of Competency Required by Job:

**Level 1:** Maintain awareness of unsafe conditions and actions to avoid injury.

Level 2: Follow safety rules/procedures; avoid known hazards in the work environment.

Level 3: Carefully follow safety rules and procedures and consistently use all necessary safety equipment.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Wears seat belt.
- Ensures safe physical work environment by taking actions such as eliminating unstable stacks of materials, closing drawers so filing cabinets will not tip over, and keeping pathways clear of tripping hazards.
- Reviews safety procedures before beginning each job with known hazards.
- Follows safety procedures while performing work even when it takes more time.
- Uses safety equipment such as goggles, gloves, and earplugs as required or warranted.
- Frequently checks safety equipment for proper condition and operation.

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory**
Maintains awareness of personal safety to avoid injury or property damage during all work activities.

**Superior**
“Safety first.” Places avoidance of injury or property damage above all other job requirements. Mentions the need to follow safe work practices to co-workers. Actively seeks ways to avoid injury.
20. JOB KNOWLEDGE – Knows information required to perform a specific job. Includes both widely available courses of study (for example, chemistry, human resources management, graphic arts) and City-specific information (parking regulation and ticketing practices; purchasing procedures; provisions of the City Charter).

Level of Competency Required by Job:

Level 1: Knowledge is concrete, factual, and/or procedural and may be defined by the organization. Situations in which it is applied are quite consistent.

**Level 2:** Knowledge is substantive and may be defined by an external trade, field, or profession. Situations in which it is applied vary and, as such, require breadth and depth of understanding.

Level 3: Knowledge is abstract, conceptual, and/or complex and may be supported by a well-defined academic discipline or authoritative sources (e.g., laws, ordinances, government guidelines/regulations/codes). Situations in which it is applied may vary greatly or be novel.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Performs work correctly/avoids technical (job content related) errors.
- Answers technical questions about work accurately.
- Asks few technical questions about the performance of routine work activities.
- Offers advice (“coaching”) to new employees regarding their work.
- Develops training programs for other employees.
- Sought out as a source of information by others.

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory**

Sufficient job knowledge to perform work correctly independently. Answers technical questions about work correctly.

**Superior**

Expertise in technical job information sufficient to serve as a resource to others. May develop training manuals/programs and/or give internal and/or external presentations related to work.
Job Knowledge Areas

1. Knowledge of engineering principles and practices as they apply to the planning, design, construction, operation, maintenance, testing, and research activities of a large utility, including generation, transmission, and distribution of electric energy, in order to direct a system, division, section, and/or subsection of the Power System in the Department of Water and Power.

2. Knowledge of pertinent City Charter provisions and Department of Water and Power policies, rules, and procedures affecting Power System operations in order to direct a system, division, section, and subsection of the Power System in the Department of Water and Power.

3. Knowledge of the organization and functions of the Power System, such as planning, development, engineering, construction, operations, and maintenance, in order to provide technical and administrative guidance to the General Manager or Assistant General Manager.

4. Knowledge of power industry trends and strategies, such as regulatory, renewable energy, transmission, distribution, energy markets, cyber security, technology policy, and changing business models, in order to effectively transform the Power System.
28. SUPERVISION – Ability to assume direct responsibility for all aspects of the performance of a work group, which requires knowledge and/or ability in the areas of:

- Planning and goal setting
- Creating a safe and positive work environment
- Establishing standards and training employees
- Motivating employees and teambuilding
- Performance Management (assigning, monitoring, facilitating, reviewing and evaluating work, and providing feedback)
- Supporting and developing employees through delegation and participation
- Taking disciplinary action including progressive discipline
- Provisions of employees’ MOU’s and handling grievances
- Legal requirements including EEO, ADA, FLSA, FMLA, and Workers’ Compensation provisions
- Civil Service Commission Rules and Policies related to the management of employees
- Administrative Code provisions related to the management of employees
- Budget processes sufficient to request and justify expenditures in a correct and timely manner

Level of Competency Required by Job:

- Level 1: Supervises small workgroup of employees performing the same or highly related work.
- **Level 2:** Supervises a larger workgroup of employees performing various types of work.
- Level 3: Supervises employees including provision of coaching and advice to subordinate supervisors.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Plans, assigns, and monitors work progress.
- Trains employees to do work.
- Evaluates work and gives positive and negative feedback.

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory:**

Proficiency in supervision sufficient to supervise a workgroup in terms of task orientation, interpersonal concerns, and personnel administration.

**Superior:**

Proficiency in supervision sufficient to serve as a resource to others and/or represent department position in a public forum.
33. INTERPERSONAL SKILLS – Interacts effectively and courteously with others.

Level of Competency Required by Job:

Level 1: Interact with members of the workgroup, supervision, and/or the public in a cordial, service-oriented manner.

**Level 2:** Interact across department lines and with appointed City officials, and/or members of the public, at times under adversarial circumstances, in a cordial, respectful manner.

Level 3: Interact with appointed and elected City officials, department heads, representatives of external organizations, and/or the media in a cordial, effective manner.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Works well with others toward mutual objectives.
- Does *not* arouse hostility in others.
- “Disagrees without being disagreeable.”
- Elicits acceptance/cooperation from others.
- Affords all individuals respect, regardless of their role or status.
- Effectively addresses concerns of politicians or others who may have their “own agenda.”

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory**
Behaves in a courteous, respectful, cooperative manner toward co-workers, other City employees, and members of the public.

**Superior**
Facilitates positive interpersonal relations within/among workgroups and toward members of the public. Adept at finding similarities and grounds for cooperation/mutual benefit.
52. WORKFORCE MANAGEMENT – Structures workgroups and their interrelationships in a way that facilitates accomplishment of organizational goals; attracts talent and places individuals in positions to maximize productivity and staff development. Ensures proper training is provided.

Level of Competency Required by Job:

Level 1: Ensure various workgroups are staffed sufficient to accomplish their respective missions and with complementary skills where appropriate.

Level 2: Examine the structure of each workgroup to ensure optimal staffing, the interrelationships of workgroups to maximize coordination and efficiency, and the placement of individuals to optimally use or develop their capabilities; make adjustments as warranted.

Level 3: Ensure that structure, staffing, interrelationships, and placement of individuals for productivity/development are optimal. Identify needed competencies and ensure well-qualified candidates are recruited. Identify problems with the operation and/or staff performance and determine a solution.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Considers the workforce and its operation as a whole.
- Recognizes the need to balance optimal placement of staff for the organization with individual developmental needs.
- Recognizes the tradeoffs of bringing in new staff versus developing existing staff.
- Re-assigns staff as warranted.
- Re-structures the organization as warranted.
- Addresses problem performers.

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory**  
Ensures efficient operation of the organization and makes necessary adjustments. Balances productivity and staff development.

**Superior**  
Redesigns organization as necessary to achieve maximum productivity and staff development. Balances bringing in new staff with developing current employees.
56. AWARENESS OF THE CITY ENVIRONMENT – Identifies and keeps current on local economic, political, and social trends that affect the work of the City.

Level of Competency Required by Job:

**Level 1:** Knows (can identify) top local government officials and pressing or highly relevant issues.

**Level 2:** Knows (can identify) City Council members, often due to Committee assignment, and/or members of City Commissions/Boards, and some of their views and background. Maintains awareness of major trends in the internal City organization and the entire City of Los Angeles.

**Level 3:** Knows members of the Mayor’s office and City Council members’ staff and department heads. Maintains considerable knowledge of social, economic, and political issues affecting area of responsibility.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Discerns from media news information of relevance.
- Maintains awareness of local elections and their outcome.
- Meets with appropriate parties to obtain relevant, timely information.
- Incorporates current social, economic, and/or political issues into work plan and priorities.

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory**

Through the news and/or discussion at work, knows local government officials and their views if pertinent to work. Identifies and notes information regarding major trends in the City.

**Superior**

Seeks information on current events relevant to areas of responsibility or the City as a whole. Knows elected officials influential in relevant areas and who to contact regarding the effects of current events. Incorporates discussion of current events into formulation of plans.
59. STRATEGIC PLANNING – Establishes plans in a way that will achieve vision for the future.

Level of Competency Required by Job:

Level 1: Recognizes that no work organization is static, so identifies how an improved organization would function and develops plans to create such an organization.

Level 2: **Considers factors in the external environment, best practices, and internal organizational factors to develop a vision for the future; identifies feasible changes/innovations in support of the vision.**

Level 3: Considers social, economic, legal, and political trends and the “big picture” of the organization to establish a vision for its effective operation in the world of the future.

Examples of Behavioral Indicators:

- Establishes and keeps up-to-date a “strategic plan.”
- Articulates how current trends and anticipated future events are expected to impact the organization.
- Identifies actions the organization can take to accommodate or leverage trends and future events.
- Recognizes that evolution/change will occur, and without an attempt to manage it, that it is unlikely to be in the best interest of the organization.
- Accepts that even when many factors are unknown or their certainty is questionable, that which is known with any degree of certainty can be effectively used to formulate plans.

Performance Levels:

**Satisfactory**

Considers the future when establishing current day-to-day operational practices. Envisions an improved organization and identifies specific actions to help create it.

**Superior**

Understands that the larger environment in which the organization exists is influenced by and influences the organization. Notwithstanding uncertainties, formulates a vision and plans to achieve it.